

Rule Of Law, Militarisation Of Politics, Organised Violence

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Zimbabwe APRM Popular Sensitization Project (ZAPS)

APRM Submission Validation Workshop

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BACKGROUND

- The rule of law is the bedrock of any democracy as it ensures the principle of equality of all citizens regardless of race, gender or social class.
- The concept of rule of law essentially theoretical in Zimbabwe as the Constitution has been ignored and distorted to further the agendas of power holders, resultantly the following are a product of this:
 - The militarization of the country,
 - Installation of military leaders in strategic political positions.
 - Involvement of the military in civilian affairs
 - Reliance on the military to deal with dissent
 - Infiltration of the military in critical democratic areas
 - Adapting the military for intelligence gathering



- Organised Torture and Violence
 - A climate of fear
 - Impunity
- Weaponisation of the judiciary,
 - Prolonged pretrial incarceration
 - Unwarranted denial of bail
- Unwarranted changes to the Constitution,
 - Constitution of Zimbabwe Amendment No 1 Act
 - Constitution of Zimbabwe Amendment No 2 Act
- Excessive use of Presidential Powers,
 - COVID-19 lockdown regulations
 - Command Economy
- Shrinking civic space and the silencing of dissenting voices,
 - Proposed Changes to the PVO Act,
 - Proposed Patriotic Bill,
 - Illegal prerequisite of MOUs
 - Verbal and physical attacks of CSOs and their Reps
- Harassment and Abuse of Lawyers Taking up Political Cases,



RECOMMENDATIONS

- Take urgent steps to fulfil its obligations arising out of the Constitution of Zimbabwe to respect, promote and protect fundamental human rights.
 - Ratifying the United Nations Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (UNCAT);
 - Ratifying the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance;
 - Speaking out and condemning all acts of violence in the country; and
 - Launching immediate investigations into the allegations of human rights violations
- Address the historical injustices perpetrated over time since independence.



RECOMMENDATIONS

- Put in place concrete, transparent and targeted measures to facilitate national peacebuilding, eradicate hate speech
- Align laws to the Constitution, uphold the rule of law, and create an impartial and independent Judiciary.
- Create a professional, impartial and accountable police force
- establish an independent complaints mechanism as envisaged in Section 210 of the Constitution to ensure that perpetrators of violence are investigated and prosecuted fully
- Remove the Zimbabwe National Army as an ancillary law enforcement force to the police and return the army to its barracks.

